

Evaluation of the total ERG Group contribution to the social and economic development of the Republic of Kazakhstan

**Study for 2019-2020** 

December 2021

### **Table of contents**



- 3 What was done
- ERG Group's contribution to the social and economic development of Kazakhstan and its regions
- 5 Output contribution
- 9 Contribution to the added value
- 15 Contribution to job creation
- 19 Contribution to personal income
- 23 Contribution to state budgets
- 26 Methodology and key assumptions of the study
- 30 Appendices

Collection and processing of statistics for modeling

Collection and processing of the Group's financial and economic, and production data for modeling

Update and adjustment of the economic model of Kazakhstan

Modelling ERG's total economic contribution at the national level for 2019-2020

Modelling ERG's total economic contribution at the regional level for 2019-2020

Presentation of the project outcomes

# Key results of ERG's social and economic contribution assessment



Full contribution of ERG to the socio-economic development of Kazakhstan in 2019-2020 was:



2,47T KZT to Rok GDP

4,56T KZT to output by the

economy



Job creation and employment support

**587B KZT** of budget revenues

146.5K of people\* employed

Replenishment of Government revenues

727B KZT
earned by the



What does it mean for the economy of Kazakhstan?

1,8% of Kazakhstan's GDP was generated by ERG in 2020

80K of additional jobs in the national economy were supported in 2020

62 KZT

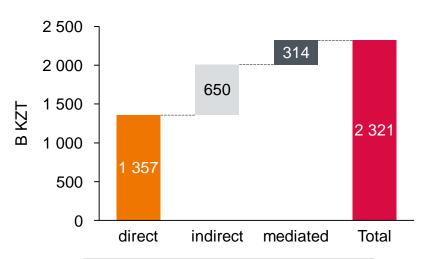
of additional added value in the economy is created for every 100 KZT of ERG's added value added as a resu of the Group's operations



## Contribution to production of goods and services in Kazakhstan

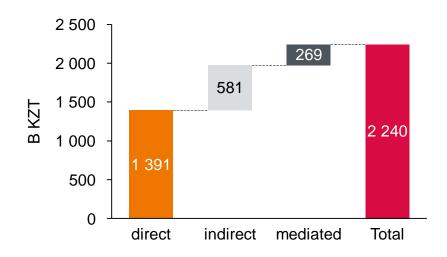


### Structure of ERG's total contribution to output in 2019



	Total contribution multipliers
2013	1.78
2014	1.81
2015	1.86
2016	1.75
2017	1.87
2018	1.72
2019	1.71
2020	1.61

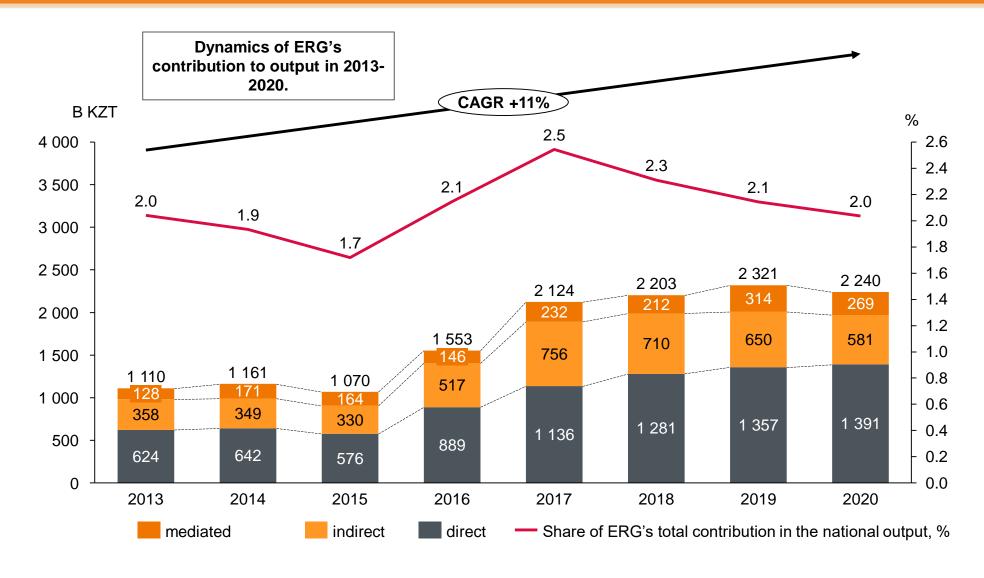
### Structure of ERG's total contribution to output in 2020



- » In 2020, additional 61 KZT of output was created in other sectors of economy per 100 KZT of ERG's output
- » In 2020, ERG's total production contribution decreased by 3.5% due to a decrease in goods and services purchased in 2020 compared to 2019.
- » About 22% of the total output of Pavlodar region in 2020 was accounted for by ERG enterprises.

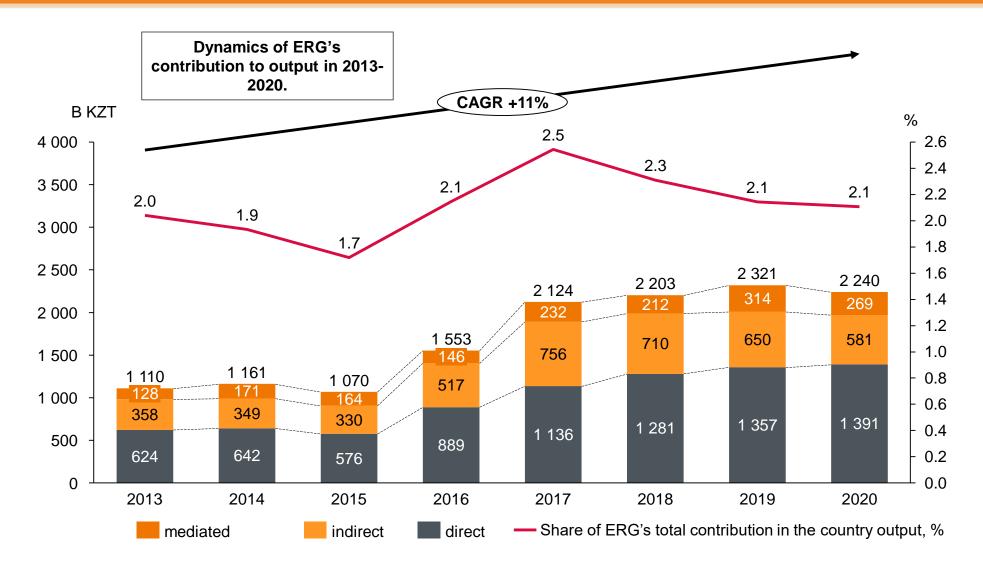
# The annual average growth of ERG's full contribution to output was 11% over the period of 2013-2020 - the first option





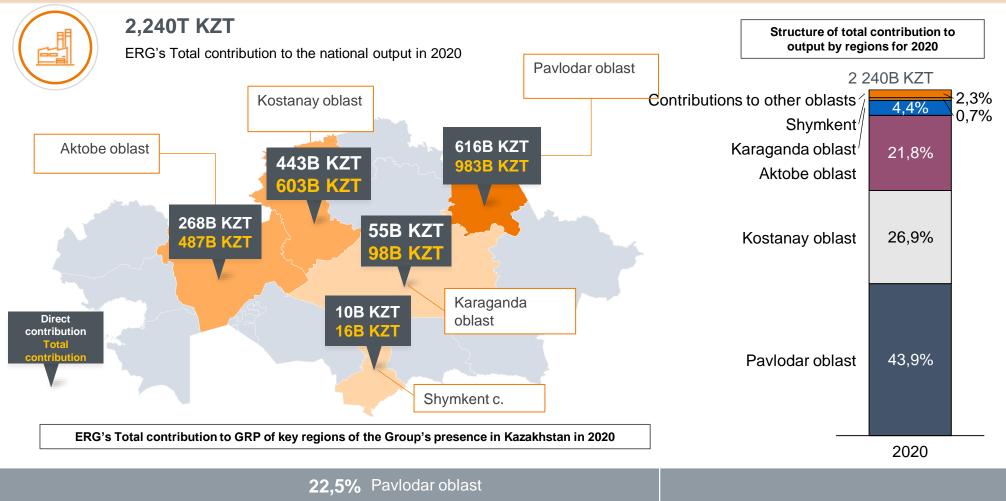
# The annual average growth of ERG's full contribution to output was 11% over the period of 2013-2020 - the second option





## Regional breakdown of total output contribution, 2020







ERG's regional contribution to the regional output in Kazakhstan in 2020

|

16,0% Kostanay oblast
11,6% Aktobe oblast

1,1% Karaganda region

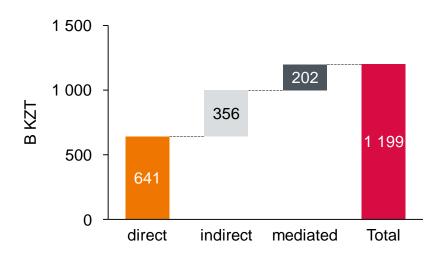
**0,5%** Shymkent c.



### Contribution to the added value of Kazakhstan

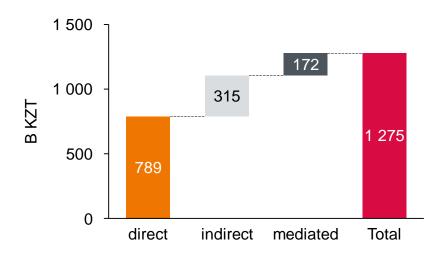


#### Structure of ERG's total contribution to GDP in 2019



	Total contribution multipliers
2013	1.99
2014	2.01
2015	1.96
2016	1.88
2017	2.03
2018	1.87
2019	1.87
2020	1.62

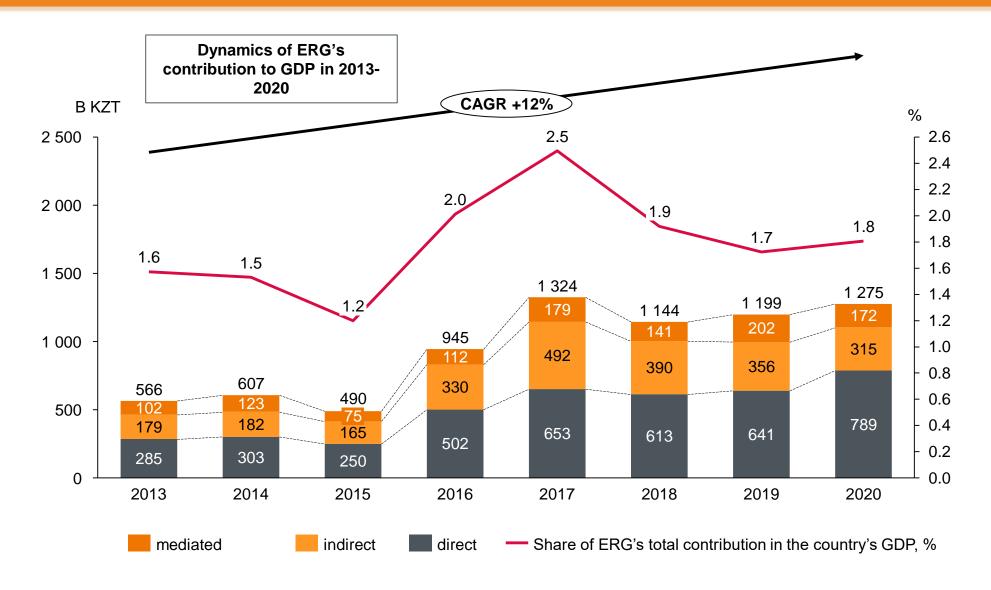
#### Structure of ERG's total contribution to GDP in 2020



- » In 2020, additional 62 tenge was created in other sectors of economy per 100 KZT of ERG's contribution to the added value in the country's economy.
- » ERG's total contribution to the added value is almost equivalent to the total GVA of <u>four</u> sectors in Kazakhstan: accommodation and catering services; arts, entertainment and leisure; water supply; and waste management; and households' activities.
- » ERG's total contribution to Pavlodar oblast was 111B KZT, which is approximately 11% of total GRP of the oblast.

# Share of ERG's total contribution to the country's GDP is about 2%





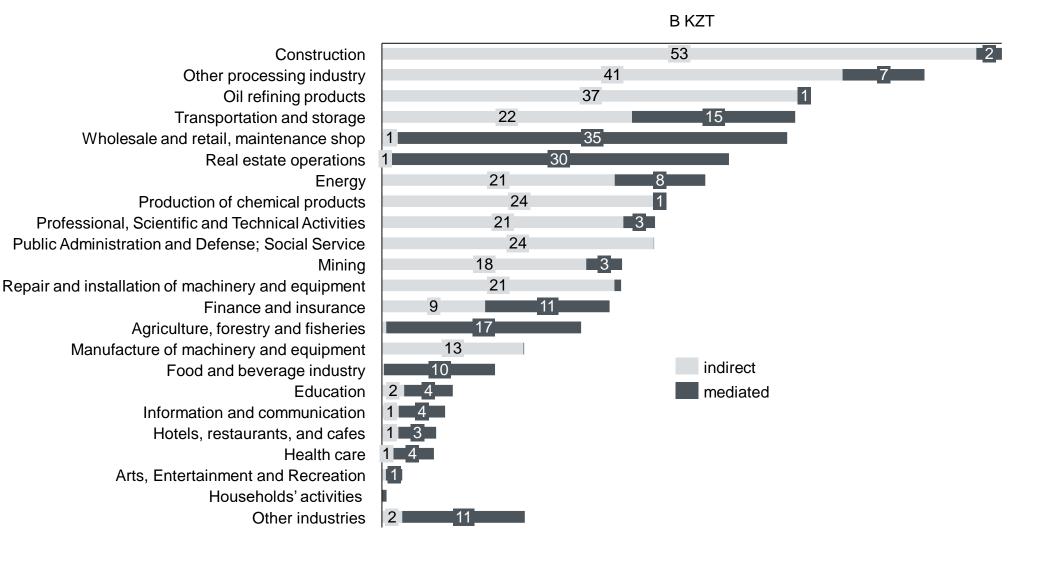
# ERG's total contribution to GDP is approximately equivalent to the total added value of 4 sectors of the economy



Trade; repair of vehicles and motorcycles		12 166
Processing industry		9 236
Mining and pit development		8 597
Real estate operations		∃ 5 148
Transportation and storage		4 825
Construction	4	285
Agriculture, forestry and fisheries	3 8	09
Professional, scientific and technical activities	2 920	
Education	2 573	
Finance and insurance	2 376	In 2020, ERG's <b>total</b>
Health and social services	1 805	contribution to GDP in
Other services	1 789	Kazakhstan is approximately
Information and communication	1 671	equivalent to the value added
Administrative and support service	1 610	by several sectors of the
Public administration and defense; compulsory social services	1 343	economy, totaling 1,275B KZT
Electricity, gas, steam, hot water supply	1 097	
Accommodation and catering services-	723	
Arts, Entertainment and Recreation	640	
Water supply; waste management	] 169	
Households' activities	50	

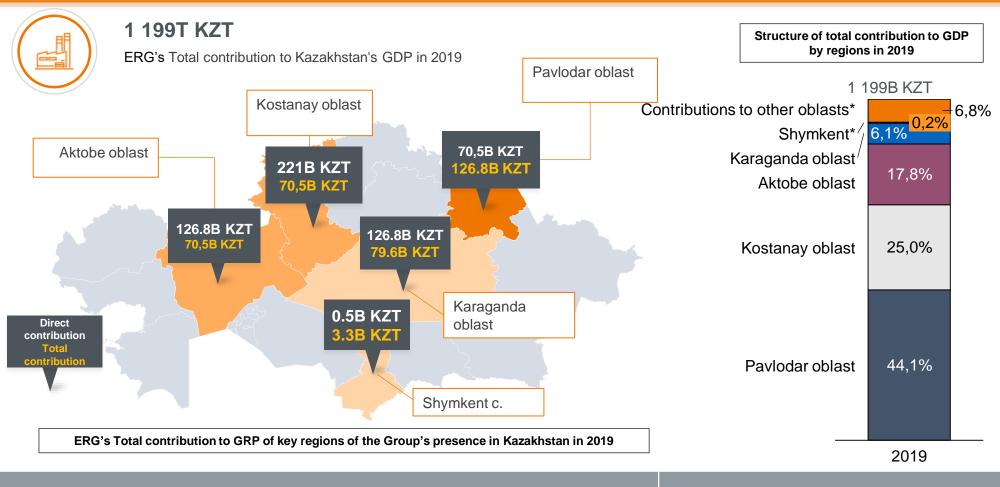
# Sectoral breakdown of indirect and mediated contributions to GDP in 2020, bln KZT





## Regional breakdown of total contribution to GDP, 2019







ERG's regional contribution to GRP of Kazakhstan's regions in 2019

|

18% Pavlodar oblast

11% Kostanay oblast

8% Aktobe oblast

1% Karaganda region

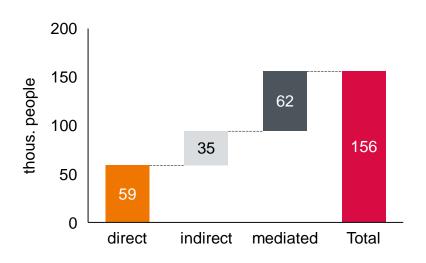
0,1% Shymkent c.



## **ERG's Total contribution to employment in 2020 was 137K**

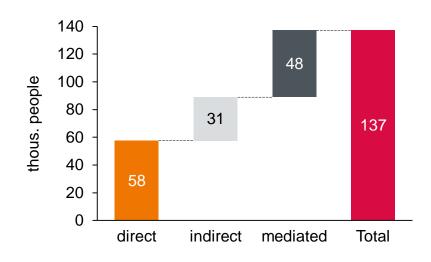


### Structure of ERG's total contribution to employment in 2019



	Total contribution multipliers
2013	2.34
2014	2.47
2015	2.40
2016	2.39
2017	2.88
2018	2.53
2019	2.64
2020	2.38

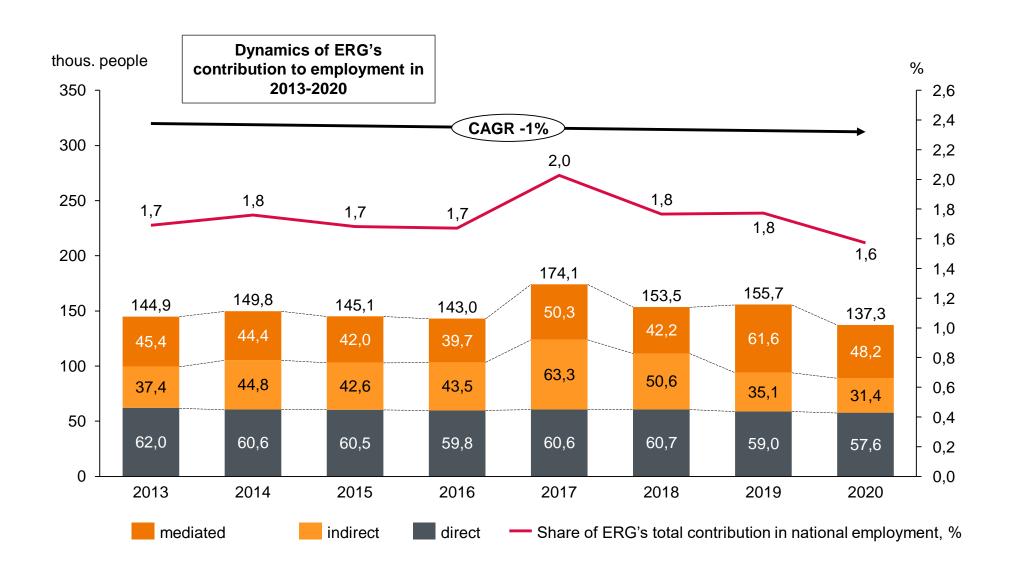
### Structure of ERG's total contribution to employment in 2020



- » For every 100 people employed by ERG, additional 138 jobs were created in other sectors of the national economy in 2020.
- » ERG's Total contribution was 1.4% of the level of national employment in 2020.
- ERG's Total contribution to national employment decreased by 12% in 2020 compared to 2019; there were two main reasons: a slight decrease in the Group's direct contribution (i.e., ERG employees), and a decrease in indirect and mediated contributions, due to the reduction in the Group's purchases in 2020 compared to 2019.

# The share of ERG's total contribution in national employment is about 1,4%



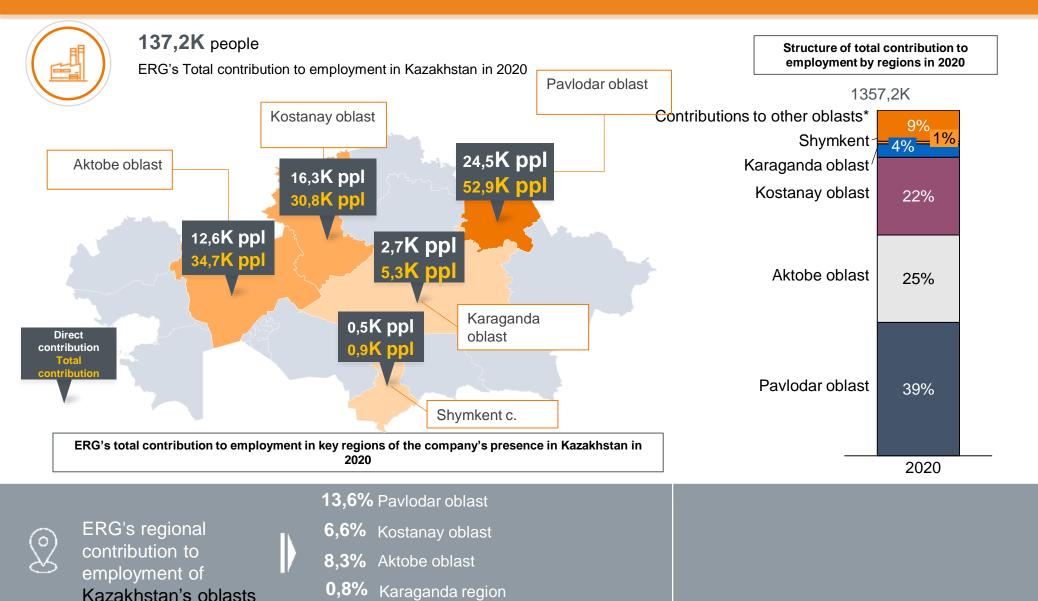


## Regional breakdown of total contribution to employment, 2020

Shymkent c.

in 2019



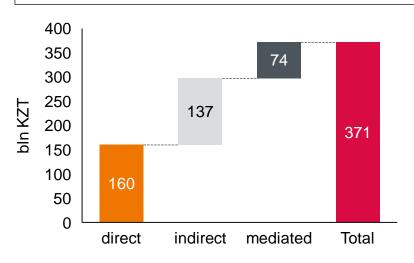




### Contribution to Kazakhstan's national labor income

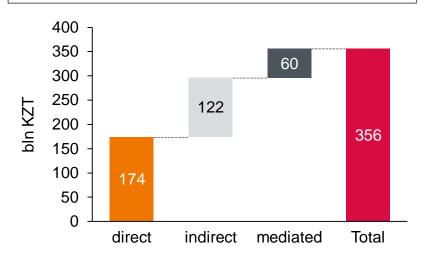


# Structure of total ERG contribution to national labor income in 2019



	Total contribution multipliers
2013	2.14
2014	2.26
2015	2.19
2016	2.22
2017	2.61
2018	2.32
2019	2.32
2020	2.04

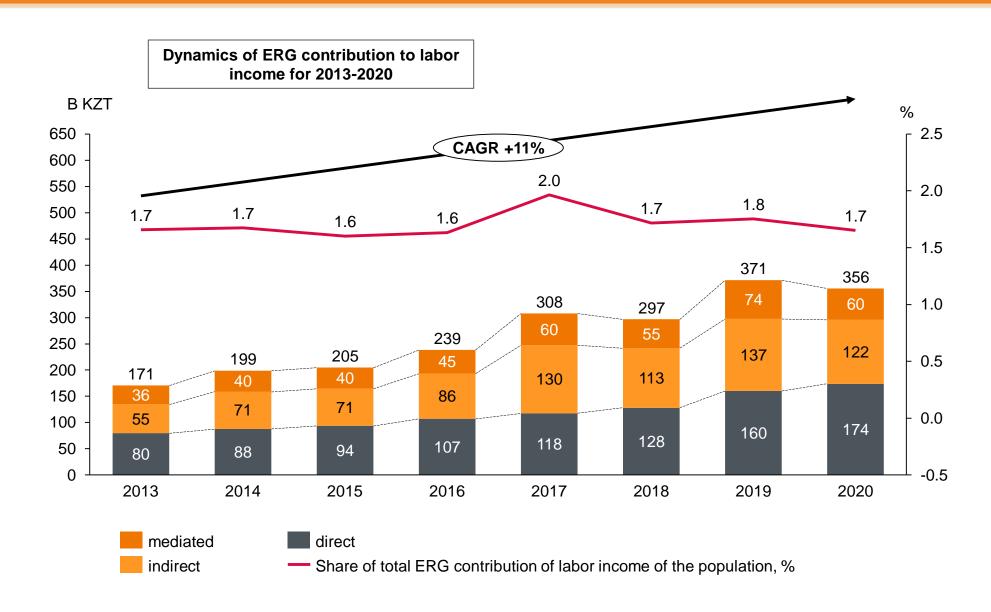
# Structure of total ERG contribution to national labor income in 2020



- » In 2020, additional 104 tenge in other sectors were added per 100 KZT of ERG's contribution to the national labor income.
- » Similar to contributions to value added and employment, ERG's total contribution to labor income decreased by 4% in 2020 compared to 2019. However, the direct contribution to labor income (i.e. salaries of ERG employees) increased by 9%, which demonstrates the social commitment of the Group to its workers – increasing salaries despite crises in the year of 2020.

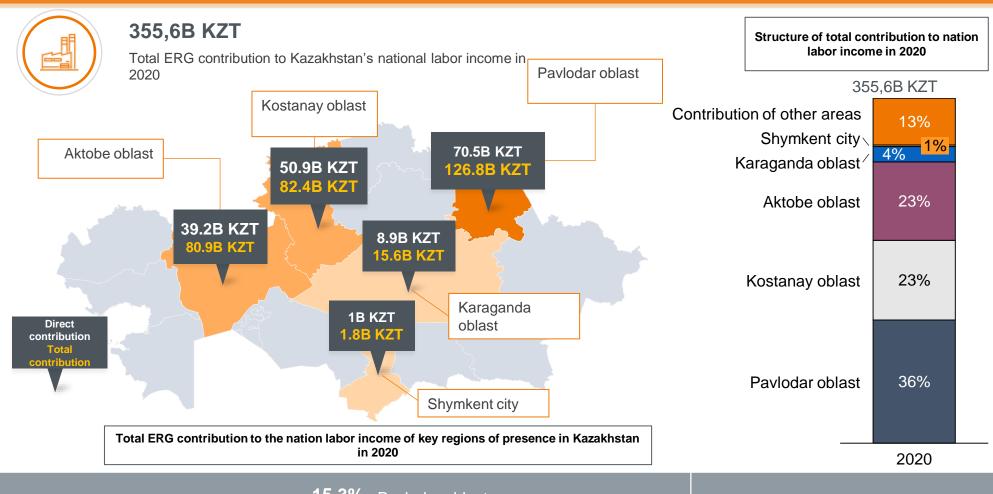
### Contribution to Kazakhstan's national labor income





## ERG's regional contribution to the payroll in 2020







ERG's regional contribution to the labor income of Kazakhstan oblast in 2019 was 15,3% Pavlodar oblast
8,1% Kostanay oblast
9,3% Aktobe oblast
0,9% Karaganda region

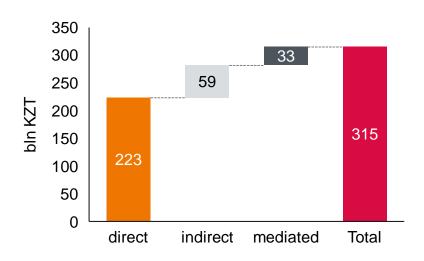
**0,2%** Shymkent city



### ERG's total tax contribution in 2020 was 272B

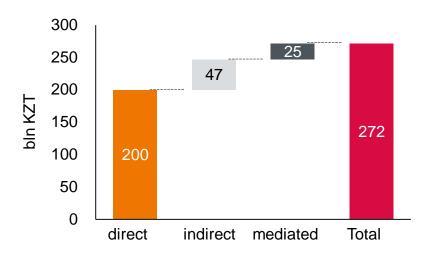


#### Structure of ERG's total tax contribution in 2019



	Total contribution multipliers
2013	1.34
2014	1.51
2015	1.43
2016	1.38
2017	1.45
2018	1.44
2019	1.41
2020	1.36

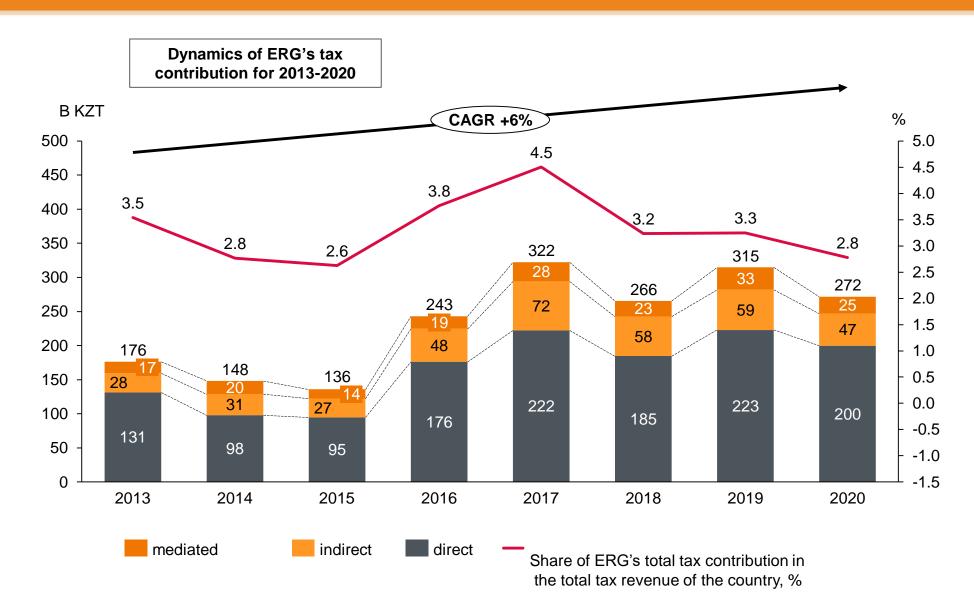
#### Structure of ERG's total tax contribution in 2020



- » In 2020, additional 36 KZT were created in other sectors of the national economy per 100 KZT of ERG's tax contribution.
- ERG's Total tax contribution constitutes 2.8% of all taxes and obligatory payments paid into the national budget in 2020.
- The average annual growth of ERG's total tax contribution to the total amount of all tax revenues in the national budget was 6% for the period from 2013 to 2020.

## **Share of ERG's total tax contribution was 2.8%**



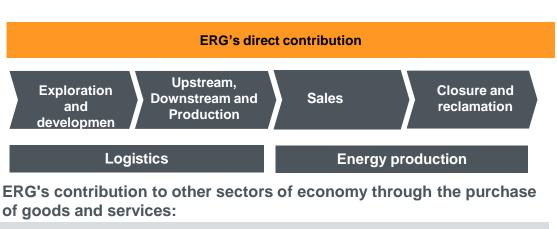




# How does ERG contribute to the social and economic development of the country?



### Contribution made directly by ERG through its operations:



of goods and services:

#### **ERG's indirect contribution**



Goods and services purchased from ERG's suppliers and contractors and further down the supply chain

Contributions through consumer spending by ERG employees as well as "indirect" employees:

#### **ERG's mediated contribution**



Salaries of ERG employees and employees of its suppliers and contractors

### **Economic Effects:**

#### **ERG**



Added Value created by ERG operations



Jobs and employees' income



Taxes and other mandatory payments

#### **ERG's suppliers and contractors**



Added Value in the supply chain



Jobs and income creation throughout the supply chain



Taxes and other mandatory payments in the supply chain

### ERG employees and "indirect" employees



Added Value in the consumer sector of economy



Jobs and income created in the consumer sector of economy



Taxes and other mandatory payments in the consumer sector of economy

# Approach to estimating national contribution





Data on ERG's 2019-2020 operating and financial performances, official data from the Statistics Committee of the RoK, the RoK State Revenue Committee and the Unified Pension Savings Fund, and publicly available data from analytical and business publications served as inputs into the model.



Modeling is based on the Input-Output model, developed by V.Leontief, a Nobel Prize winner, and a number of macroeconomic indicators of the RoK, adopted by the governments and statistical authorities of many developed countries.



The outcome is ERG's total social and economic contribution measured across 5 indicators (contribution to GDP, output, employment, payroll and government revenues) and three components of the contribution (direct, indirect and mediated effects) and calculated in monetary terms.



### **Assumptions and Constraints of the model**

- The Input-Output table for 2019 was used to calculate the contribution results for 2020, as the table for 2020 will not be available until late 2021. However, all input data needed for the model, such as GDP, employment, labor income, amounts of taxes and payments paid for the period, etc., were taken from official sources for 2020.
- » Due to the fact that the effect on the economy of Kazakhstan is created only by goods and services produced and/or purchased domestically, all data on purchases of goods and services of imported origin were excluded from the calculation while estimating the contribution.
- » For purchases from local suppliers engaged in resale of foreign products, only their share of trade margins was taken into account. This category of purchases was attributed to the trade industry.
- » Given the peculiarities of ERG's production process, the direct contribution data was classified by the Group's key business activities, for each of which the total contribution was then calculated (commodity mining and processing industries according to Common Classifier of Economic Activity of the RoK).

## Regional contribution estimation approach





Total ERG social and economic contribution to regions of presence was calculated for four key regions of ERG presence - Pavlodar, Kostanay, Aktobe and Karaganda oblasts, as well as Shymkent city for 2019-2020.

In order to assess the regional contribution, the national Input-Output table was divided into a number of regional tables. The approach to regionalization of Input-Output tables is based on the international methodology involving the application of coefficients characterizing inter-regional and inter-sectoral relations, as well as the balance of flows of goods and services between regions of the country.<sup>[1]</sup>



### **Modeling Assumptions and Constraints**

- The regional Input-Output tables for 2019 were derived by calculation. 2020 contribution is estimated similar to the national contribution 2019 tables were used.
- » Industry-based output indicator was obtained by calculation using the formula:

Output = (industry purchases) + (value added)

- » For the direct regional ERG contribution, only those enterprises located in the region of study were taken into account. Intra-group transactions between enterprises were also included, with the exception of transactions between enterprises within the same region.
- » Transactions between the companies located in different regions but belonging to the same enterprise were not accounted for in the calculations. For example, transactions between Aksu FP and DGOK, part of Kazchrome, were not included as purchases for Pavlodar oblast and outputs for Aktobe oblast.
- » Assessment of the total regional tax contribution was not made, due to the unrepresentativeness of the results because of the peculiarities of the tax system in Kazakhstan (most taxes and payments are paid to the national budget).